# Harvey's Economic Impact on Aransas County

November 14, 2017

**Rockport-Fulton Chamber of Commerce Luncheon** 



### Hurricane's Costs

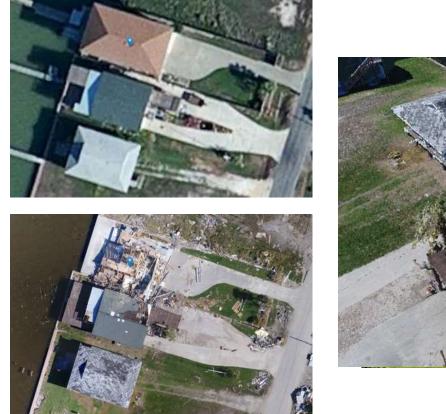
List of impacts from immediate to long term ...

- Casualties (economic losses due to deaths/injuries)
- Property damages (windstorm and flood damage)
- Infrastructure damages (industry and public facilities)
- Disruption to local business and economic activity before full recovery
  - Evacuation Period: Temporary shutdown of most businesses
  - **Recovery Period:** Transitory loss of operational facilities and infrastructure, customer base, and displaced workforce
- Permanent loss of local businesses and residents
- Permanent increase in insurance cost (homes and businesses)



### **Disaster Areas**

TAMUCC UAS began surveillance 2 weeks after landfall ...





Location: Holiday Beach community in Rockport, Texas.



### **Community Profile**

Sources of vulnerability to storms ...

- The median age is remarkably high at 49, compared to 35 for Nueces County
  - Residents aged 60 years and older (33%) and Winter Texans may be less likely to return
- More than one in five housing units are mobile homes that were more likely to receive wind damage
- A large portion of businesses are home-based, without an office
- 75% of households have insurance coverage, but the percentage of households applying for FEMA Individual Assistance in the wake of Harvey is among the highest
- Drawing on local officials' estimates and damage assessments, the area sustained an average loss of 26% in the total value of residential and business properties



# **Community Profile**

	Rockport	Fulton	Aransas County		
Population (2016 Census)	10,645	1,577	25,721		
Median Age	47.7	50.1	49		
Housing Units	6,290	992	15,614		
- Single-Family Units	3,993	81	10,145		
- Attached, Multi-Family Units	1,470	463	1,979		
- Mobile Home	746	28	3,288		
- RV, boat, van	81	0	202		
Annual Business Sales (\$Mil)	\$779	\$106	\$885		
No. of Businesses	1,316	775	2,712		
Business Establishments	388	228	615		
Property Damage from Harvey:					
% FEMA Individual Assistance	68%	65%	45%		
% Destroyed (equivalence)	35%	33%	26%		

Sources: 2016 Census, EMSI, FEMA, and South Texas Economic Development Center.



### **Economic Profile**

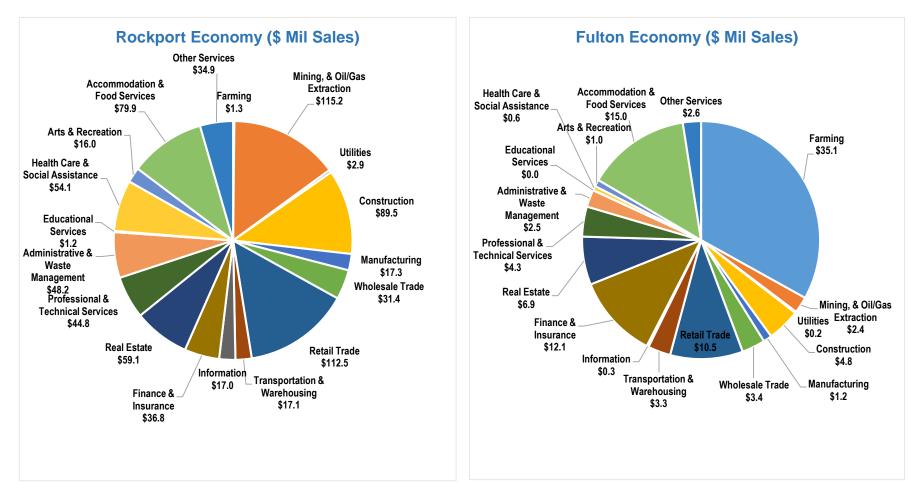
Aspects of resiliency ...

#### Communities have concentration in different sectors

- Oil & gas and construction are concentrated in Rockport, and farming is relatively large in Fulton
- A more diverse economy is more resilient in the context of rapid recovery
- Export industries do not rely on the local market
- Retail and hospitality (accommodation and restaurants) make up at last one in three business establishments
  - These businesses depend on the local market, so they can't fully recover without fully restoring the community



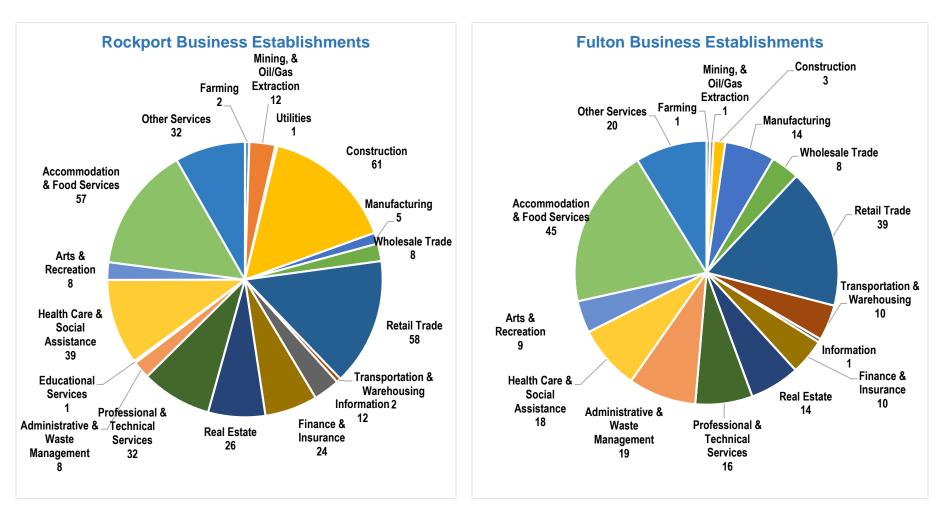
### **Pre-Harvey Economic Profile by Size**



Source: EMSI, 2017.



### **Pre-Harvey Economic Profile by Number**



Source: EMSI, 2017.



# Harvey's Immediate Impacts

Immediate direct economic losses ...

#### The majority of businesses are still closed (about half)

- Loss of gross sales activity, including wage earnings, etc.
- A portion of businesses/residents are displaced at least temporarily

#### Loss in capital stock

- \$90M damage to public facilities countywide (Rebuild Texas Commission)
- Replacement costs for estimated damage to residential and business structures (26% average)

	Rockport	Fulton	Aransas County
Residential (\$ Mil)	\$327	\$52	\$812
Business (\$Mil)	\$118	\$7	\$134
Total (\$ Mil)	\$446	\$59	\$1,035



# **Recovery Scenarios**

Simulations of direct impact and response over time with a regional economic model

- 3 Phases:
  - Direct Impact (immediate): Loss of economic activity and capital
  - Recovery (transitory): Rebuilding efforts take effect
  - New Normal (equilibrium): Long-run occurs years later

#### Model Assumptions:

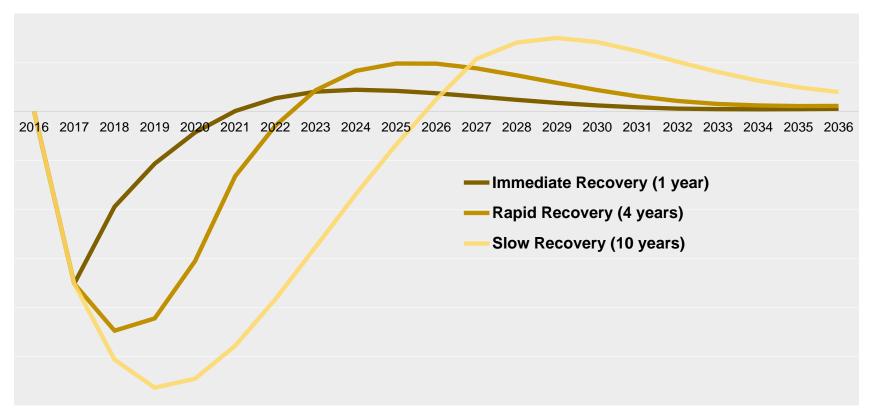
- All industries shut down when the area was hit
- Immediate loss of residential and nonresidential capital stock (values correspond to observed damages of homes and capital investment required for business operations)
- Separate capacity (resources) constraints for local and regional economies
- Three alternative speeds in restoring businesses and residential and nonresidential capital losses (100%; 25%; 10% per year)



### **Typical Recovery Paths**

Cumulative losses of business sales will double if recovery lasts for 4 years instead of one year, and double again if recovery lasts for 10 years instead of 4 years ...

**Output (\$ Mil Sales)** 



Source: South Texas Economic Development Center.

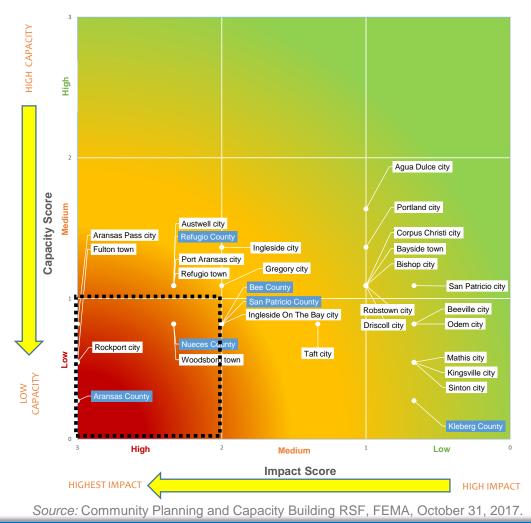


### **FEMA Assessments of Recovery**

Implication of communities with highest storm impacts and lowest capacity for recovery ...

Coastal Bend Communities with highest storm impacts and lowest capacity:

- Aransas Pass
- Fulton
- Rockport
- Woodsboro





### **Vicious Cycle**

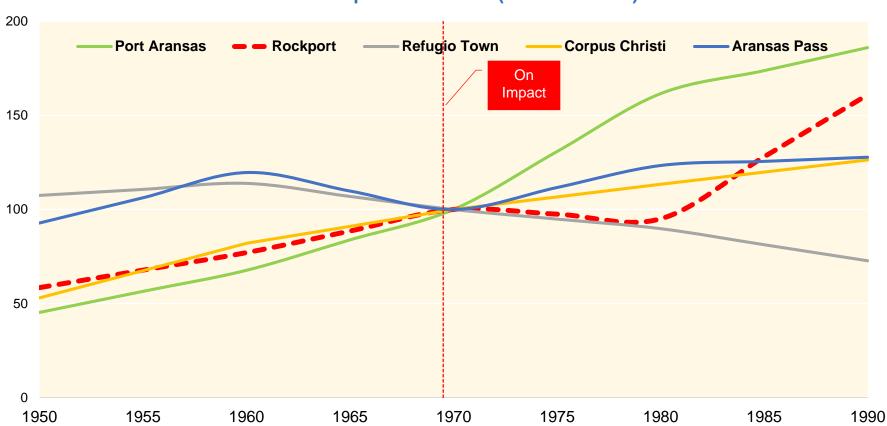
Why race against time for communities with high storm impacts and low rebuilding capacity?





### Lesson from Celia of 1970

The storm only extended existing upward or downward momentum ...



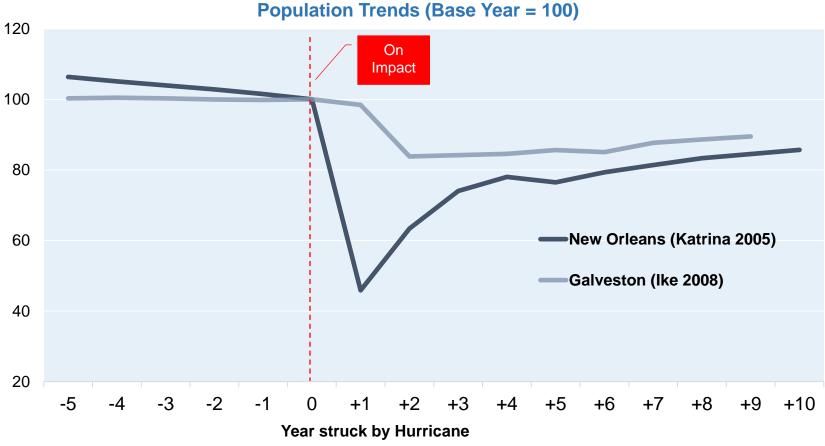
Post-Celia Population Trends (Year 1970=100)

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, and South Texas Economic Development Center



### **Lessons from Recent Storms**

Both cities experienced a permanent loss of population by >15%



Source: U.S. Census Bureau.



### Thank you!

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